

Direct utilization of bio-fuels in solid oxide fuel cells for sustainable and decentralised production of electric power and heat (DIRECTBIOPOWER)

Project overview (2017FCFYHK_004)

- 1** Develop a new generation solid oxide fuel cell stack based on advanced ceramic materials for the direct utilization of biofuels to reduce the complexity of the balance-of-plant and produce electrical power and heat with high overall efficiency (~90 % CHP, >50% electrical efficiency).
- 2** The system should be characterized by a high sulphur tolerance (up to 100 ppm), life-time perspective > 40000 hrs, capability to sustain >1000 redox-thermal cycles as well as load cycles.
- 3** The project aims at developing an exsolved perovskite catalytic pre-layer used at the anode to mitigate carbon deposition and anode poisoning by sulphur and carbon.
- 4** Solid oxide fuel cell materials will be tailored for operation at intermediate temperatures (500-750 °C) (ceria-gallate or tin film YSZ electrolytes, innovative perovskites cathodes) to reduce degradation issues while allowing the use of ferritic steel for the interconnects with consequent lower costs and increased reliability.
- 5** The final goal is the demonstration of a kW-size SOFC (0.5-1kW) system fed directly with partially de-sulphurised biofuels (bio-ethanol, glycerol, bio-gas) as a proof-of-concept of the process.

Unità di Ricerca: Consiglio Nazionale delle Ricerche, Università di Roma Tor Vergata, Università di Udine, Politecnico di Torino, Università di Trento, Università degli studi Mediterranea di Reggio Calabria